

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1-2. (Canceled)

3. (Currently Amended) ~~Method according to claim 2,~~ Method to retrieve RDS information by filtering and transforming an incoming multiplex signal $(m(t))$ into an amplitude demodulated RDS signal $(m_{RDS}(t))$, wherein an amplitude modulated RDS signal $(m_c(t))$ is derived on basis of an intermediate signal $(m_a(t))$ obtained during an extraction of a stereo-difference signal $(m_d(t))$ from the incoming multiplex signal, and the intermediate signal $(m_a(t))$ is obtained by multiplying the multiplex signal $(m(t))$ with the second harmonic of a pilot carrier $(2\sin(2\omega_{pil}t))$, wherein

~~characterized in that~~ the amplitude modulated RDS signal $(m_c(t))$ is derived by subtracting a stereo-sum signal $(m_s(t))$ multiplied by the second harmonic of a pilot carrier $(2\sin(2\omega_{pil}t))$ from the intermediate signal $(m_a(t))$.

4. (Currently Amended) ~~Method according to claim 2,~~ Method to retrieve RDS information by filtering and transforming an incoming multiplex signal $(m(t))$ into an amplitude demodulated RDS signal $(m_{RDS}(t))$, wherein an amplitude modulated RDS signal $(m_c(t))$ is derived on basis of an intermediate signal $(m_a(t))$ obtained during an extraction of a stereo-difference signal $(m_d(t))$ from the incoming multiplex signal, and the intermediate signal $(m_a(t))$ is obtained by multiplying the multiplex signal $(m(t))$ with the second harmonic of a pilot carrier $(2\sin(2\omega_{pil}t))$, wherein

~~characterized in that~~ the amplitude modulated RDS signal ($m_c(t)$) is set to be the intermediate signal ($m_a(t)$).

Claims 5-13 (Canceled)

14. (Currently Amended) Method to retrieve RDS information by filtering and transforming an incoming multiplex signal into an amplitude demodulated RDS signal, wherein

an amplitude modulated RDS signal is derived on basis of a first intermediate signal obtained during an extraction of a stereo-difference signal from the incoming multiplex signal[[,]];

said first intermediate signal lies along a signal path separate from a signal path of an extraction of a stereo-sum signal from the incoming multiplex signal; and

said first intermediate signal is distinct from all intermediate signals obtained during said extraction of said stereo-sum signal from said incoming multiplex signal.

15. (Previously Presented) A method for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal, comprising the steps of:

obtaining, from said multiplex signal, a first intermediate signal from which a stereo-difference signal of said multiplex signal can be extracted;

extracting, from said multiplex signal, a stereo-sum signal; and

deriving an amplitude modulated RDS signal on the basis of said first intermediate signal, wherein

said obtaining of said first intermediate signal is separate from said extracting of said stereo-sum signal; and

said first intermediate signal is distinct from said multiplex signal.

16. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 15, wherein ~~characterized in~~ that the intermediate signal is obtained by multiplying the multiplex signal with the second harmonic of a pilot carrier.

17. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 15, wherein ~~characterized in~~ that the amplitude modulated RDS signal is derived by subtracting a stereo-sum signal multiplied by the second harmonic of a pilot carrier from the intermediate signal.

18. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 15, further comprising ~~characterized by:~~

amplitude demodulating ~~demodulation~~ of the amplitude modulated RDS signal; and
decoding the amplitude demodulated RDS signal.

19. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 18, wherein ~~characterized in~~ that the amplitude demodulation of the amplitude modulated RDS signal is performed by a coherent amplitude demodulation with a carrier which is recovered by a COSTAS-loop from the amplitude modulated RDS signal.

20. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 18, wherein ~~characterized in that~~ the amplitude demodulation of the amplitude modulated RDS signal into a RDS baseband signal is performed by a complex demodulation.

21. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 20, wherein ~~characterized in that~~ the complex carrier needed for the complex demodulation is output from a digital PLL-circuit for pilot carrier recovery.

22. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 20, wherein ~~characterized in that~~ the carrier of the RDS signal is recovered with a COSTAS-loop locking to the RDS baseband signal.

23. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 15, wherein ~~characterized in that~~ the intermediate signal is obtained on basis of a sampling rate decimated stereo-difference signal.

24. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 15, further comprising ~~characterized by~~ a sampling rate decimation to obtain carriers for the respective demodulations.

25. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 15, further comprising ~~characterized by~~ a sampling rate decimation of the RDS baseband signal.

26. (Currently Amended) RDS demodulator, ~~characterized in that it is~~ adapted to operate according to the method defined in claim 14.

27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 15, wherein said multiplex signal fulfills the equation

$$m_{simux}(t) = m_s(t) + A_{pil}(t) \cdot \sin(\omega_{pil}t) + m_d(t) \cdot \sin(2\omega_{pil}t) + m_{rds}(t) \cdot \cos(3\omega_{pil}t),$$

where $m_{simux}(t)$ is said stereo multiplex signal, $m_s(t)$ is said stereo-sum signal, $m_d(t)$ is said stereo-difference signal, $A_{pil}(t)$ is an amplitude of a pilot carrier, $m_{rds}(t)$ is an RDS signal, $m_{rds}(t) \cdot \cos(3\omega_{pil}t)$ is said amplitude modulated RDS signal and ω_{pil} is a frequency of said pilot carrier.

28-29. (Canceled)

30. (Previously Presented) ~~The method of claim 28,~~ A method for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal, comprising the steps of:

coherently demodulating said multiplex signal employing a second harmonic of a pilot carrier of said multiplex signal so as to obtain a first intermediate signal; and

deriving an amplitude modulated RDS signal on the basis of said first intermediate signal, wherein

said coherent demodulation consists of multiplying said multiplex signal by said second harmonic of said pilot carrier, and

~~wherein~~ said first intermediate signal is a signal from which a stereo-difference signal of said multiplex signal can be extracted by one of a low-pass filtering or a combination of sampling rate decimation filtering and low-pass filtering.

31. (Currently Amended) ~~The method of claim 28,~~ A method for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal, comprising the steps of:

coherently demodulating said multiplex signal employing a second harmonic of a pilot carrier of said multiplex signal so as to obtain a first intermediate signal;

deriving an amplitude modulated RDS signal on the basis of said first intermediate signal;

~~comprising the steps of~~ sampling rate decimation filtering said multiplex signal to obtain a fourth intermediate signal;

multiplying said fourth intermediate signal by said second harmonic of said pilot carrier so as to mirror said fourth intermediate signal in the frequency domain;

sampling rate decimation filtering said first intermediate signal;

calculating a difference between said mirrored fourth intermediate signal and said sampling rate decimated first intermediate signal so as to obtain a difference signal;

mixing said difference signal with a complex signal consisting of said pilot carrier and a signal in a quadrature to said carrier so as to obtain a fifth intermediate signal.

32. (Currently Amended) ~~The method of claim 31,~~ A method for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal, comprising the steps of:

coherently demodulating said multiplex signal employing a second harmonic of a pilot carrier of said multiplex signal so as to obtain a first intermediate signal;

deriving an amplitude modulated RDS signal on the basis of said first intermediate signal;

sampling rate decimation filtering said multiplex signal to obtain a fourth intermediate signal;

multiplying said fourth intermediate signal by said second harmonic of said pilot carrier so as to mirror said fourth intermediate signal in the frequency domain;

sampling rate decimation filtering said first intermediate signal;

calculating a difference between said mirrored fourth intermediate signal and said sampling rate decimated first intermediate signal so as to obtain a difference signal;

mixing said difference signal with a complex signal consisting of said pilot carrier and a signal in a quadrature to said carrier so as to obtain a fifth intermediate signal;

~~comprising the steps of:~~ sampling rate decimation filtering said fifth intermediate signal;

low-pass filtering said sampling rate decimated fifth intermediate signal; and

coherently demodulating said low-pass filtered fifth intermediate signal on the basis of a carrier signal of said low-pass filtered fifth intermediate signal.

33. (Currently Amended) ~~The method of claim 28;~~ A method for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal, comprising the steps of:

coherently demodulating said multiplex signal employing a second harmonic of a pilot carrier of said multiplex signal so as to obtain a first intermediate signal; and

deriving an amplitude modulated RDS signal on the basis of said first intermediate signal, wherein

said multiplex signal fulfills the equation

$$m_{simux}(t) = m_s(t) + A_{pil}(t) \cdot \sin(\omega_{pil}t) + m_d(t) \cdot \sin(2\omega_{pil}t) + m_{rds}(t) \cdot \cos(3\omega_{pil}t).$$

were $m_{simux}(t)$ is said stereo multiplex signal, $ms(t)$ is a stereo-sum signal, $m_d(t)$ is a stereo-difference signal, $A_{pil}(t)$ is an amplitude of a pilot carrier, $m_{rds}(t)$ is an RDS signal, $m_{rds}(t) \cos(3\omega_{pil} t)$ is said amplitude modulated RDS signal and $\omega_{pil}t$ is a frequency of said pilot carrier.

34. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal comprising:

means configured and adapted for obtaining, from said multiplex signal, a first intermediate signal from which a stereo-difference signal of said multiplex signal can be extracted;

means configured and adapted for extracting, from said multiplex signal, a stereo-sum signal; and

means configured and adapted for deriving an amplitude modulated RDS signal on the basis of said first intermediate signal, wherein

said means for obtaining said first intermediate signal is separate from said means for extracting said stereo-sum signal; and

said first intermediate signal is distinct from said multiplex signal.

35. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 34, wherein said multiplex signal fulfills the equation

$$m_{simux}(t) = m_s(t) + A_{pil}(t) \cdot \sin(\omega_{pil}t) + m_d(t) \cdot \sin(2\omega_{pil}t) + m_{rds}(t) \cdot \cos(3\omega_{pil}t).$$

where $m_{simux}(t)$ is said stereo multiplex signal, $m_s(t)$ is a stereo-sum signal, $m_d(t)$ is a stereo-difference signal, $A_{pil}(t)$ is an amplitude of a pilot carrier, $m_{rds}(t)$ is an RDS signal,

$m_{rds}(t) \cdot \cos(3\omega_{pil}t)$ is said amplitude modulated RDS signal and ω_{pil} is a frequency of said pilot carrier.

36-37. (Canceled)

38. (Currently Amended) ~~The apparatus of claim 36,~~ An apparatus for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal comprising:

first means configured and adapted for coherently demodulating said multiplex signal employing a second harmonic of a pilot carrier of said multiplex signal so as to obtain a first intermediate signal; and

second means configured and adapted for deriving an amplitude modulated RDS signal on the basis of said first intermediate signal, wherein

said first means are multiplier means for multiplying said multiplex signal by said second harmonic of said pilot carrier, and wherein

said first intermediate signal is a signal from which a stereo-difference signal of said multiplex signal can be extracted by one of a low-pass filtering or a combination of sampling rate decimation filtering and low-pass filtering.

39. (Previously Presented) ~~The apparatus of claim 36,~~ An apparatus for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal comprising:

first means configured and adapted for coherently demodulating said multiplex signal employing a second harmonic of a pilot carrier of said multiplex signal so as to obtain a first intermediate signal;

second means configured and adapted for deriving an amplitude modulated RDS signal on the basis of said first intermediate signal; comprising:

means configured and adapted for sampling rate decimation filtering said multiplex signal to obtain a fourth intermediate signal;

means configured and adapted for multiplying said fourth intermediate signal by said second harmonic of said pilot carrier so as to mirror said fourth intermediate signal in the frequency domain;

means configured and adapted for sampling rate decimation filtering said first intermediate signal;

means configured and adapted for calculating difference between said mirrored fourth intermediate signal and said sampling rate decimated first intermediate signal so as to obtain a difference signal; and

means configured and adapted for mixing said difference signal with a complex signal consisting of said pilot carrier and a signal in quadrature to said pilot carrier so as to obtain a fifth intermediate signal.

40. (Previously Presented) ~~The apparatus of claim 39;~~ An apparatus for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal comprising:

first means configured and adapted for coherently demodulating said multiplex signal employing a second harmonic of a pilot carrier of said multiplex signal so as to obtain a first intermediate signal;

second means configured and adapted for deriving an amplitude modulated RDS signal on the basis of said first intermediate signal;

means configured and adapted for sampling rate decimation filtering said multiplex signal to obtain a fourth intermediate signal;

means configured and adapted for multiplying said fourth intermediate signal by said second harmonic of said pilot carrier so as to mirror said fourth intermediate signal in the frequency domain;

means configured and adapted for sampling rate decimation filtering said first intermediate signal;

means configured and adapted for calculating difference between said mirrored fourth intermediate signal and said sampling rate decimated first intermediate signal so as to obtain a difference signal;

means configured and adapted for mixing said difference signal with a complex signal consisting of said pilot carrier and a signal in quadrature to said pilot carrier so as to obtain a fifth intermediate signal; comprising:

means configured and adapted for sampling rate decimation filtering said fifth intermediate signal;

means configured and adapted for low-pass filtering said sampling rate decimated fifth intermediate signal; and

means configured and adapted for coherently demodulating said low-pass filtered fifth intermediate signal on the basis of a carrier signal of said low-pass filtered fifth intermediate signal.

41. (Currently Amended) ~~The apparatus of claim 36;~~ An apparatus for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal comprising:

first means configured and adapted for coherently demodulating said multiplex signal employing a second harmonic of a pilot carrier of said multiplex signal so as to obtain a first intermediate signal; and

second means configured and adapted for deriving an amplitude modulated RDS signal on the basis of said first intermediate signal, wherein

said multiplex signal fulfills the equation

$$m_{simux}(t) = m_s(t) + A_{pil}(t) \cdot \sin(\omega_{pil}t) + M_d(t) \sin(2\omega_{pil}t) + m_{rds}(t) \cdot \cos(3\omega_{pil}t),$$

where $m_{simux}(t)$ is said stereo multiplex signal, $m_s(t)$ is a stereo-sum signal, $m_d(t)$ is a stereo-difference signal, $A_{pil}(t)$ is an amplitude of a pilot carrier, $m_{rds}(t)$ is an RDS signal, $m_{rds}(t) \cos(3\omega_{pil}t)$ is said amplitude modulated RDS signal and ω_{pil} is a frequency of said pilot carrier.

42. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for retrieving RDS information from a multiplex signal, comprising:

a first signal path, via which a stereo-difference signal is extracted from said multiplex signal;

a second signal path, separate from said first signal path, via which a stereo-sum signal is extracted from said multiplex signal; and

a third signal path, branching from said first signal path, via which said RDS information is retrieved; and

mixing means situated along said first signal path upstream from a branching off point of said third signal path from said first signal path.